



Whistleblowing Policy

Approved by	ELT Trustees	Date Approved	1 September 2026
Review cycle	Annual (as required)	Date of next review	Summer 2027

Version	Author	Date	Changes
1.0	Jo Hawkins, COO	3.10.22	Staff title changes
2.0	Jo Hawkins, COO	17.07.23	No changes
3.0	Ant Marsh	11.06.24	Corrected reference to Safeguarding Policy.
4.0	Mike Boddington	15.07.25	Added explicit reference to Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSIE) 2025. Reinforced that safeguarding is everyone's responsibility and that all concerns, however small, should be reported. 2. Clarified the role of the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) in managing safeguarding-related whistleblowing concerns. 2. Introduced a section on low-level concerns in line with Part Four, Section Two of KCSIE 2025. 3. Clarified the Trust's position on anonymous reporting and encouraged named disclosures where possible. 6. Included a commitment to regular safeguarding and whistleblowing training for all staff
5.0	Helen Gash, Mike Boddington	14.08.26	Minor amendments made for clarity

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This policy should be read in conjunction with the latest version of Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSIE), which outlines statutory responsibilities for all school staff and leaders in relation to safeguarding and whistleblowing.

Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is everyone's responsibility. All staff are expected to act on any concerns they may have, however small, and to do so without delay.

1. Introduction & Purpose of Policy

Whistleblowing is the reporting, by those working for or on behalf of the Enlighten Learning Trust, of suspected wrongdoing on the part of employees, management, Governing Body, Trustees. Such wrongdoing might include fraud, malpractice, breach of health and safety law or some other illegal act.

Enlighten Learning Trust is committed to achieving the highest possible standards of honesty, openness and accountability and relies on its employees to help maintain these standards. In pursuit of these aims, individuals are encouraged to raise concerns which they may have about the conduct or practices of others. This policy sets out how such concerns will be dealt with. It applies to all employees, volunteers, governors, trustees. Other individuals performing work on behalf of the establishment, such as agency workers and contractors, are also encouraged to use it.

This policy aims to give members of staff and other individuals the confidence to raise serious concerns using the routes provided, and to reassure staff of the protection they are afforded when they have made a disclosure in good faith. It will be fairly and consistently applied in accordance with the Trust Board's commitment to equal opportunities.

This procedure is for disclosures about matters other than a breach of the employee's own contract of employment. Such concerns should be raised under the grievance procedure.

2. Legislation

The Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998 (by way of amendment to the Employment Rights Act 1996) is designed to provide protection to workers who raise genuine concerns about specified matters. These are known as "qualifying disclosures". The specified matters are:

- Conduct which is a criminal offence;
- Breach of any other legal obligation;
- Disclosures related to miscarriages of justice;
- Health and safety risks, including risks to the public or pupils as well as other staff;
- Damage to the environment;
- Sexual Harassment; or
- Deliberate concealment of any of the above.

A worker who makes a qualifying disclosure has the right not to be dismissed, subjected to any other detriment or victimised because they have made the disclosure. Any act of harassment or victimisation resulting from a member of staff raising a concern in good faith will not be tolerated and dealt with robustly. A member of staff making an allegation within the scope of this policy will be supported when raising a concern, providing that they:

- Disclose the information in good faith
- Believe the concern to be true;
- are not acting maliciously or making false allegations;
- are not seeking any personal gain.

The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) has overall responsibility for ensuring that safeguarding concerns raised through whistleblowing are managed appropriately and in line with KCSIE guidance.

Concerns that do not meet the harm threshold but may indicate inappropriate behaviour (known as 'low-level concerns') should still be reported. These will be handled in accordance with the Trust's Safeguarding Policy, in line with Part Four, Section Two of KCSIE 2026.

3. Raising a Concern

Staff should raise a concern where they believe the safety, welfare or rights of children might be compromised or where they believe any aspect of the sound running of the school or trust are jeopardised.

As a first step, a member of staff will normally raise concerns with their immediate line manager, the Headteacher or the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) where this is appropriate to the nature of the concern. If the concerns relate to allegations that a member of staff or volunteer may have harmed a child or behaved in a way that indicates they poses a risk of harm to children, the allegation should be raised with the Headteacher in the first instance, in accordance with the school's Safeguarding Policy. Where the allegations involve the Headteacher the member of staff should raise the matter with the Chief Executive Officer (CEO). Where the allegations involve the CEO, the member of staff should raise the matter with the Chair of Trustees.

Concerns may be raised verbally or in writing, but the earlier the concern is expressed the easier it is to take any required action. Where a concern is raised verbally, the person hearing it must ensure that a written statement of it is made to assist with any subsequent investigation. Senior management will take all concerns raised within the scope of this policy seriously and identify the appropriate level of investigation, taking external advice as necessary. The concerns raised will be treated in confidence, whilst recognising that the individual raising the concerns may need to come forward as a witness at a later date.

The whistleblower may invite a recognised trade union representative or a work colleague to be present during any meetings or interviews held in connection with the concerns raised.

If a worker requests that their identity be protected, it will not be disclosed unless disclosure is reasonably required by law. Whilst anonymous reports will not be rejected outright, those making them must be aware that it is considerably more difficult to investigate matters properly in such circumstances or to resolve the concern satisfactorily. While anonymous disclosures are accepted, staff are encouraged to provide their identity to enable a more thorough investigation. All disclosures will be treated with the utmost confidentiality.

While members of staff are encouraged to raise their concerns internally, it is also recognised that some staff may feel unable to do this and that they may therefore wish to contact an independent, external organisation (see section 6).

There are national guidelines to help you as a whistleblower. See the government guidance <https://www.gov.uk/whistleblowing>.

There is also a whistleblowing charity Protect (see section 6) that has a helpline on 020 3117 2520. This helpline offers independent and confidential advice to those who are unsure whether, or how, to raise a public concern.

4. Investigating Concerns

Preliminary enquiries will be made into the concerns raised to establish whether a formal investigation is required. Immediate action may be taken – prior to an investigation being conducted – if there are concerns for the safety or welfare of pupils or others.

If a formal investigation is not to be undertaken, the reasons why will be explained to the individual as soon as possible. If an investigation is undertaken, this will normally be conducted by an appropriate senior individual with no previous involvement with the concerns raised. In certain cases, this may involve governors/trustees and/or an external independent investigator. The investigation will be conducted, where appropriate, in accordance with other relevant internal procedures which could involve the suspension of staff on normal pay whilst the investigation is being carried out. Investigations involving child protection issues will not commence until external advice has been sought from the local authority's designated officer.

Written records will be taken throughout the investigation and the employee will be kept informed of the likely timescale and progress of the investigation. The investigator will be responsible, where possible within 28 days, for reporting formally to the Headteacher/CEO and/or Governing Body/Board of Trustees on the outcome of the investigation. The Headteacher/CEO and/or Governing Body/Board of Trustees will be responsible for taking any necessary action, which may include reporting the matter – as relevant – to the local authority, appropriate government department, regulatory agency or the police, and/or taking action under internal procedures (e.g. disciplinary or bullying and harassment). The trust must notify ESFA, as soon as is operationally practical based on its particular circumstances, of any instances of fraud, theft and/or irregularity exceeding £5,000 individually, or £5,000 cumulatively in any academy financial year. Any unusual or systematic fraud, regardless of value, must also be reported. On conclusion of the investigation, the worker will be informed of the outcome and the proposed action to be taken, whilst respecting the confidentiality of individuals and any legal constraints.

5. Malicious or Vexatious Complaints

If a member of staff makes an allegation in good faith but it is not confirmed by the investigation, no action will be taken against them. If, however, an allegation is made frivolously, maliciously or for personal gain, disciplinary action is likely to be taken in accordance with the disciplinary procedure.

6. Contacting External Organisations

All staff are encouraged to make use of the internal procedure before considering referring concerns to outside organisations. If the member of staff feels that it is right to take the matter externally, contact can be made with a recognised trade union, local Citizens Advice Bureau, relevant voluntary or independent organisation or legal advisor. The Public Interest Disclosure Act also sets out a number of bodies to which protected disclosures can be made, including HM Revenue & Customs, the Health and Safety Executive and the Serious Fraud Office. Employees should be aware that going directly to the media may limit their protection under the Public Interest Disclosure Act and they could therefore be subject to disciplinary action as a result. An employee considering such a course of action is strongly advised to seek prior advice from their trade union or an independent organisation such as ([Protect - Speak up stop harm \(protect-advice.org.uk\)](https://www.protect-advice.org.uk)).

All staff will receive regular training on safeguarding and whistleblowing procedures, including how to recognise and report concerns in line with KCSIE.

7. Monitoring & Reporting

The Chair of Trustees is the Responsible Officer and has overall responsibility for overseeing the operation of this policy and for ensuring that appropriate records are maintained of genuine concerns raised and the outcomes. The Chair will report as necessary to the Trust Board and to other outside agencies as required and the board will seek assurance that whistleblowing arrangements are effective, understood and embedded in the Trust's culture. Periodic reports relating to whistleblowing concerns, safeguarding themes and lessons learned will be considered where appropriate whilst maintaining confidentiality.

8. Data Protection

When an individual makes a disclosure, the trust will process any personal data collected in accordance with its data protection policy. Data collected from the point at which the individual makes the report is held securely and accessed by, and disclosed to, individuals only for the purposes of dealing with the disclosure.

9. Status of Policy and Review

The content and operation of this policy is reviewed as and when deemed necessary by the Trust Board. The policy is discretionary and does not confer any contractual rights.